## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A compound having the following general formula (I):

wherein A is -(CHR<sub>3</sub>)- or -(C=O)-, B is -(CHR<sub>4</sub>)-, -(C=O)-, D is -(CHR<sub>5</sub>)- or -(C=O)-, E is - (ZR<sub>6</sub>)-, -(C=O)-, G is -(XR<sub>7</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-, -(CHR<sub>7</sub>)-(NR<sub>8</sub>)-, -(C=O)-(XR<sub>9</sub>)-, or -(C=O)-, W is -Y(C=O)-, - (C=O)NH-, -(SO<sub>2</sub>)- or nothing, Y is oxygen, sulfur or -NH-, X and Z is-are independently nitrogen or CH, n=0 or 1; and  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ , and  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ -and  $R_9$  are the same or different and independently selected from an amino acid side chain moiety, or an amino acid side chain derivative thereof, the remainder of the molecule, a linker, and a solid support, and stereoisomers thereof with the proviso that when Z is CH, then X is nitrogen.

2. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, and R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>9</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of aminoC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, guanidinoC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylguanidinoC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, diC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylguanidino-C<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, amidinoC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamidinoC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, Phenyl, substituted phenyl (where the substituents on the phenyl are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl or hydroxyl), benzyl, substituted benzyl (where the substituents on the benzyl are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl or hydroxyl), naphthyl, substituted

naphthyl (where the substituents on the naphthyl are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C1.4alkylamino, C1.4dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl or hydroxyl), bis-phenyl methyl, substituted bis-phenyl methyl (where the substituents on the bis-phenyl methyl are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1.4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1.4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1.4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1.4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1.3</sub>alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl or hydroxyl), pyridyl, substituted pyridyl, (where the substituents on the pyridyl are independently selected from one or more of amino amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl or hydroxyl), pyridylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, substituted pyridylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl (where the pyridine substituents are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1.4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1.4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1.5</sub> 4alkyl, C1-4alkyl, C1-3alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl or hydroxyl), pyrimidylC1-4alkyl, substituted pyrimidylC<sub>1.4</sub>alkyl (where the pyrimidine substituents are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, or nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl or hydroxyl), triazin-2-yl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, substituted triazin-2-yl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl (where the triazine substituents are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1.3</sub>alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl or hydroxyl), imidazoC<sub>1.4</sub>alkyl, substituted imidazol C<sub>1-4</sub>alkl (where the imidazole sustituents are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl or hydroxyl), imidazolinyl $C_{1-1}$ N-amidinopiperazinyl-N-C<sub>0-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, <sub>4</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-5</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-5</sub>dialkylaminoC<sub>2-5</sub>alkyl, N-amidinopiperidinylC<sub>1</sub> <sub>4</sub>alkyl and 4-aminocyclohexylC<sub>0.7</sub>alkyl.

## 3. (Canceled)

## 4. (Canceled)

5. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein A is –(C=O)-, B is –(CHR<sub>4</sub>)-, D is –(C=O)-, E is –(ZR<sub>6</sub>)-, G is  $(XR_7)_n$ -, and the compound has the following general formula (IV):

wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ , W, X and  $\frac{Z}{R_1}$  are as defined in claim 1, and Z is nitrogen or Z. We the provise that when Z is nitrogen, then Z is nitrogen, and when Z is Z. We have Z is nitrogen and Z is nitrogen and Z is nitrogen and Z is nitrogen and Z is nitrogen.

6. (Original) The compound of claim 5, wherein the compound has the following general formula (VI):

wherein R<sub>a</sub> is a phenyl group; a substituted phenyl group having one or more substituents wherein the one or more substituents are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl, and hydroxyl groups; a benzyl group; a substituted benzyl group with one or more substituents where the one or more substituents are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino,

hydrazino, amidazonyl,  $C_{1.4}$ alkylamino,  $C_{1.4}$ dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro  $C_{1.4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1.3}$ alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl, and hydroxyl group; or a bicyclic aryl group having 8 to 11 ring members, which may have 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur;  $R_b$  is a monocyclic aryl group having 5 to 7 ring members, which may have 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur, and aryl ring in the compound may have one or more substituents selected from a group consisting of halide, hydroxy, cyano, lower alkyl, and lower alkoxy groups;  $R_c$  is a saturated or unsaturated  $C_{1.6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1.6}$ alkoxy, perfluoro  $C_{1.6}$ alkyl group; and  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ , and  $X_3$  may be the same or different and independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxyl, and halide.

- 7. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 6, wherein  $R_a$  is a phenyl group; a substituted phenyl group having one or more substituents wherein the one or more substituents are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl,  $C_{1.4}$ alkylamino,  $C_{1.4}$ dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro  $C_{1.4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1.4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1.3}$ alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl, and hydroxyl groups; a benzyl group; a substituted benzyl group with one or more substituents where the one or more substituents are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl,  $C_{1.4}$ alkylamino,  $C_{1.4}$ dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro  $C_{1.4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1.3}$ alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl, and hydroxyl group; a naphthyl group; a quinolinyl group; or an isoquinolinyl group; and  $R_b$  is phenyl, pyridyl or piperidyl, all of which may be substituted with one or more substituents selected from a group consisting of halide, hydroxy, cyano, lower alkyl, and lower alkoxy groups.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 6, wherein R<sub>a</sub> is a phenyl group; a substituted phenyl group having one or more substituents wherein the one or more substituents are independently selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub>dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl, and hydroxyl groups; a benzyl group; a substituted benzyl group with one or more substituents where the one or more substituents are independently

selected from one or more of amino, amidino, guanidino, hydrazino, amidazonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino,  $C_{1-4}$ dialkylamino, halogen, perfluoro  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy, nitro, carboxy, cyano, sulfuryl, and hydroxyl group; or a naphthyl group; and  $R_b$  is phenyl, which may be substituted with one or more substituents selected from a group consisting of halide, hydroxy, cyano, lower alkyl, and lower alkoxy group.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ , or  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$  or  $R_9$  is joined to a solid support or solid support derivatives.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 2, wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ , or  $R_{77}$ ,  $R_8$  or  $R_9$  is joined to a solid support or solid support derivatives.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 3, wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ , or  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$  or  $R_9$  is joined to a solid support or solid support derivatives.
- 12. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 1 and pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 12 comprising a safe and effective amount of the compound.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A library of compounds, comprising at least one compound according to claim 1.
- 15. (Original) A method of identifying a biologically active compound, comprising contacting the library of claim 14 with a target to detect or screen the biologically active compound.

- 16. (Previously Presented) A method for carrying out a binding assay, comprising:
- a) providing a composition comprising a first co-activator and an interacting protein, said first co-activator comprising a binding motif of LXXLL, LXXLI or FXXFF wherein X is any amino acid;
- b) combining the first co-activator and the interacting protein with a test compound; and
- c) detecting alteration in binding between the first co-activator and the interacting protein in the presence of the compound; wherein the test compound is selected from a compound of claim 1.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein said interacting protein is a transcription factor or a second co-activator.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein said interacting protein is selected from the group consisting of RIP140; SRC-1 (NCoA-1); TIF2 (GRIP-1; SRC-2); p (CIP; RAC3; ACTR; AIB-1; TRAM-1; SRC-3); CBP (p300); TRAPs (DRIPs); PGC-1; CARM-1; PRIP (ASC-2; AIB3; RAP250; NRC); GT-198; and SHARP (CoAA; p68; p72).
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein said interacting protein is selected from the group consisting of TAL 1; p73; MDm2; TBP; HIF-1; Ets-1; RXR; p65; AP-1; Pit-1; HNF-4; Stat2; HPV E2; BRCA1; p45 (NF-E2); c-Jun; c-myb; Tax; Sap 1; YY1; SREBP; ATF-1; ATF-4; Cubitus; Interruptus; Gli3; MRF; AFT-2; JMY; dMad; PyLT: HPV E6; CITTA; Tat; SF-1; E2F; junB; RNA helicase A; C/EBP β; GATA-1; Neuro D; Microphthalimia; E1A; TFIIB; p53; P/CAF; Twist; Myo D; pp9O RSK; c-Fos; and SV40 Large T.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein said interacting protein is selected from the group consisting of ERAP140; RIP140; RIP160; Trip1; SWI1 (SNF); ARA70; RAP46; TIF1; TIF2; GRIP1; and TRAP.

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein said interacting protein is selected from the group consisting of VP16; VP64; p300; CBP; PCAF; SRC1 PvALF; AtHD2A; ERF-2; OsGAI; HALF-1; C1; AP-1; ARF-5; ARF-6; ARF-7; ARF-8; CPRF1; CPRF4; MYC-RP/GP; and TRAB1.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein said first co-activator is CBP or p300.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A method for inhibiting tumor growth comprising administering to a mammalian subject having a tumor a compound according to claim 1 in an amount effective to inhibit the growth of the tumor in the mammalian subject.
  - 24. (Original) The method of claim 23 wherein the tumor is cancerous.
  - 25. (Canceled)
- 26. (Previously Presented) A method of treating or preventing cancer comprising administering to a subject in need thereof a compound according to claim 1 in an amount effective to treat or prevent the cancer.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 26 wherein the cancer is colorectal cancer.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 26 wherein the compound or the composition is administered in combination with an anti-neoplastic agent.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the anti-neoplastic agent is selected from the group consisting of 5-FU, taxol, cisplatin, mitomycin C, tegafur, raltitrexed, capecitabine, and irinotecan.

- 30. (Previously Presented) A method of treating or preventing restenosis associated with angioplasty comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an amount of a compound according to claim 1, where the amount is effective to prevent the restenosis.
- 31. (Previously Presented) A method of treating or preventing polycystic kidney disease comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an amount of a compound according to claim 1, where the amount is effective to treat the polycystic kidney disease.
- 32. (Previously Presented) A method of treating or preventing aberrant angiogenesis disease comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an amount of a compound according to claim 1, where the amount is effective to treat the aberrant angiogenesis disease.
- 33. (Previously Presented) A method of treating or preventing rheumatoid arthritis disease comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an amount of a compound according to claim 1, where the amount is effective to treat the rheumatoid arthritis disease.
- 34. (Previously Presented) A method of treating or preventing ulcerative colitis comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an amount of a compound according to claim 1, where the amount is effective to treat the ulcerative colitis.
- 35. (Previously Presented) A method for treating or preventing tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC) comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an amount of a compound of claim 1, where the amount is effective to treat or prevent TSC.

36. (Previously Presented) A method for treating or preventing a KSHV-associated tumor comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an amount of a compound of claim 1, where the amount is effective to treat or prevent the KSHV-associated tumor.

37-42. (Canceled)